



## **Curriculum Map**

Subject: History 2024-2025

Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5 Term 6	
Curriculum Topics:	Curriculum Topics:	Curriculum Topics:	Curriculum Topics:	Curriculum Topics:	Curriculum Topics:
Introducing History: What is History? How does History fit together?  Who lived in Ancient Britain?  Prehistoric Britain Roman Britain Saxon Britain	The Norman conquest: Why did William win the Battle of Hastings?  How did the Normans control Britain?  • Norman conquest • Feudal System • Medieval Church • Castles	Religion, Plague and Rebellion: Was life in Medieval times brutal and backwards?  • How did Medieval people understand the world? • Who ruled Medieval England? • Was life for ordinary medieval people 'Mucky and Miserable'?	<ul> <li>Renaissance and Reformation:         <ul> <li>How did the world change in the 1500's?</li> <li>How did Henry VIII change Britain?</li> <li>The Reformation: Why were the English so afraid of Catholics?</li> <li>Did the world really become 'more modern' in the 16th century?</li> </ul> </li> <li>Change and continuity? How much did England Change in the Early Modern period? – Political/ social economic/ religious.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Why did the English execute their King?</li> <li>Why do we still have a King?</li> <li>How did the Englightenment change the world?</li> <li>How did Britain begin to grow in the early 18<sup>th</sup> century?</li> <li>Change and continuity?</li> <li>How much did life change in</li> </ul>	Change and continuity project:  Board game
Links with other topics: Set out a basic map of Chronology to be developed and understood throughout KS3 Context of the beginning of Britain's story (consolidate from KS2)	Links with other topics: Religion and ideas- Importance of Medieval religion to society.  Government and power - Concepts of Kingship and power and control	Links with other topics: Government and ideas: Idea of Kingship and power- Limits to a Kings power. Origins of Constitution- Magna Carta  Religion & ideas Importance of the Church Medieval understanding of Black Death and medicine.  Science and technology: Medieval ideas about the universe and world	Links with other topics:  Religion and ideas: Understanding of Catholic and Protestant schism.  Government and power: Understanding of impact of reformation on Politics.  Science and Technology- Overview of key changes in the renaissance and their impact.	the period 1600-1750?  Links with other topics:  Government and power:: How did Parliament become supreme? How did Britain become a constitutional monarchy?  Religion and ideas: How did Religious issues drive change in 17 <sup>th</sup> century Britain?	Links with other topics:  Consolidates previous learning: Change and continuity and chronology.
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Curriculum Topics:  Overview: How did Britain Change in the 'Industrial revolution?  Empire and slavery:  • Why did Britain want an Empire?  • What was the Transatlantic Slave trade? Why was Slavery abolished?  British case study.	Curriculum Topics:  Industrial revolution:  How and why did Britain change in the industrial revolution?	The age of reform: How did ordinary people change their world in the 19 <sup>th</sup> century?  Part one living and working.  • How did the Industrial Revolution impact on ordinary people?  • Did anyone care about the Victorian poor?  • How and why did conditions get better by 1900?  Part two: Voting and participation  • What is democracy?  • How democratic was Britain in 1800?  • How and why did Britain become more democratic by 1900?	Curriculum Topics:  Women's struggle- How did women change their world?  What was life like for Women in the 1800's?  What can the victims of the 'Whitechapel murders' tell us about the lives of Victorian women?  Which women tried to change things?  How far did the WSPU help women get the vote?	Curriculum Topics: Local Study: The First World War and the Pals  Who were the Pals and what did they experience?
Links with other topics:  Science and technology- Impact of industrialisation on Britain as a world power.  Governance- Opposition to slavery and different factors in abolition of slavery.  Abolitionists- Growth of protest movements. Concept of Human Rights Concepts of imperialism and colonialism.  Religion- Moral and ethical considerations of slavery, and role of religion in abolition.	Links with other topics:  Science and technology-How did new technology change Britain and the world in the industrial age?	Links with other topics:  Governance: Social and political impact of industrialisation. Rise of protest and democracy. Rights.  Science and technology- Impact of Industrialisation. Role of technology and science in creating improvements to living conditions (e.g. Snow and Pasteur)	Links with other topics:  Government: Rights and growth of democracy. Emancipation of women. Feminism  Religion: Religious attitudes to women, and role of religion in helping women make progress-Help or hinder?	Links with other topics:  Science and technology: Impact of new technology on warfare in First World War.  Governance: Concepts of nationalism, patriotism, freedom, propaganda, imperialism etc.





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	Curriculum Topics: Totalitarian states.  What is communism and Fascism?  How did Totalitarian states like Nazi Germany and Soviet Russia control people?	Curriculum Topics: Never Forget: The Holocaust What happened during the Holocaust?	Curriculum Topics: How did the Second World War change Britain?  How do we remember the Second World War?  How did the Second World War change society?  How did the war shape Britain's position in the world?- (Cold War)	Curriculum Topics: The rise and fall of British India  What was India like before the British How did the British control India? What happened when India was partitioned? How did India shape Britain?	Curriculum Topics: Begin GCSE Medicine  Medieval Medicine.  Which factors were important in Medieval Medicine?  GCSE Medicine:  How did Medicine change during the Early Modern Period?		
	Covernance: totalitarian ideologies and states. Understanding of communism and fascism.  Religion and Ideas- Nazism and Fascism	Links with other topics:  Religion: Moral and ethical issues surrounding holocaust and genocide.	Propaganda and control     Social reform and welfarism     Cold War-Outline of US/USSR position	Governance: Imperialism Colonialism Migration  Religion: Causes of partition and conflict in India Multiculturalism	Links with other topics: Religion: Impact of religion on Medicine through time Government: Changing role of government medicine and public health through time Science and technology: Role of science at technology in developments in medicine through time Change and continuity, cause and consequence, significance, Sources and evidence		





CHOOL							
	Term 1	Term	2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
10	Curriculum Topics: AQA GCSE HISTORY: Medicine and the People.  Key developments and factors influencing change in Medicine over four Key periods:  • Industrial • Modern		Study of th  No Est	ne impact of the Normar orman invasion & events tablishment of Norman	of 1066 state- Feudalism, rebellions etc slish society and government Villages	a D C C K	Causes of First World War  Causes of First World War  Diplomacy before First World War; Moroccan Crises, Balkans Crisis  Cey battles and tactics of the war:  Marne  Verdun  Somme  Passchendaele  Gallipoli  Ind of the war and reason for allied victory
	Links with other top Religion: Impact of r Medicine through tir Government: Chang government in medic public health through Science and technolor of science and technolor developments in me through time Change and continuit and consequence, sig Sources and evidence	eligion on me ing role of cine and h time ogy: Role ology in dicine ty, cause gnificance,	Religion: In Medieval E		on Medieval government- Feudalism  Norman period. Impact of Normans  ence, significance	etc G C on C L S	inks with other topics: Government: Concepts of Autocracy, Imperialism, Colonialism, nationalism Cause and consequence, evidence inks with other topics: cience and technology: Impact of technology on irst World War. Cause and consequence, evidence





	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3		Term 5	
11	Democracy and Di 1890-1945  Depth study into G	epublic f Weimar and Rise Nazis ny opics: nocracy, Dictatorship,	Reteach and Revise and applying conten	Term 4 : Prepare for GCSE exams focusing it.		Term 6 Course Finished- Exams
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term Term 6	
12	OCR A level Histor	y: The French Revolution	and the rule of Napoleo	on 1774–1815	5	
	Religion: Religious Science and techn		alisation and globalisati	on on French state and Society d a New Century c.1900–1918)		





- Liberal governments and rise of Labour before 1914
- Impact of WW1
- 1920's- Politics, Society, Economy, Culture

Governance: Democracy, Government, Economic Policy, Welfarism, Liberalism, Socialism

Religion: Impact of religious groups on Politics- Non-Conformists, Established Church, attitudes to women and poverty.

Science and technology: Impact of technology on society and economy

## OCR A Level History: NEA- Preparing students to investigate a topic of their choice

OCR A level History: Popular Culture and the Witchcraze of the 16th and 17th Centuries

Course Finished- Exams
Course Finished- Exams

**Governance:** Power structures, paternalism etc.

Religion: Reformation, Superstition

Science and Technology: Renaisance and early modern developments

OCR: A level History: Britain 1900–1951

- 1930's- Depression and threats to stability
- Impact of WW2
- Post war Labour government and welfare state

**Governance:** Ideologies, economics policy, elections, democracy, decolonialisation etc

Science and technology - Impact of new technology on society