



Guiseley School Revision Support

Subject: Physics A-level

The URL for Guiseley School Physics Resources can be found here:

https://guiseleyschool.sharepoint.com/sites/GS_Subjects_PH/Year%2013/Forms/AllItems.aspx

Here you will find lots of resources including Knowledge Organisers and Past Paper Questions.

The 'Topic' on the table below refers to the areas that AQA will examine. How well do you know it?

Tick the face for each then focus your revision on the areas with a $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$ or $\stackrel{\bullet}{=}$.

Good Luck and ask your teacher if you are stuck!

Торіс	Exercise book/notes	\odot	•••	<u></u>
Section 1: Particles and Radiation				
Atomic Structure				
Stable and Unstable Nuclei				
Antiparticles and Photons				
Hadrons and Leptons				
Strange particles and conservation of properties				
Quarks and Antiquarks				
Particle interactions				
Section 2: Electromagnetic Radiation and				
Quantum Phenomena				
The photoelectric effect				
Energy Levels in atoms				
Wave-particle duality				
Section 3: Waves				
Progressive waves				
Wave speed				





Transverse and longitudinal waves		
Superposition and interference		
Stationary waves		
Investigating resonance		
Diffraction		
Two source interference		
Young's double slit experiment		
Diffraction gratings		
Refractive index		
Critical angle and Total internal reflection		
Section 4: Mechanics		
Scalars and vectors		
Forces in equilibrium		
Moments		
Centre of mass and moments		
Uniform acceleration		
Displacement-time graphs		
Velocity-time graphs		
Acceleration-time graphs		
Newton's laws of motion		
Acceleration due to gravity		
Projectile motion		
Drag, lift and terminal velocity		
Conservation of momentum		





Force, momentum and impulse		
Work and power		
Conservation of energy		
Section 5: Materials		
Density		
Hooke's law		
Stress and Strain		
The Young's Modulus		
Stress-strain and force-extension graphs		
Brittle materials		
Section 6: Electricity		
Circuit diagrams		
Current and Potential difference		
Resistance		
I-V characteristics		
Resistivity		
Determining the resistivity of a wire		
Power and electrical energy		
E.m.f. and internal resistance		
Conservation of energy and charge in circuits		
The potential divider		
Section 7: Further mechanics		
Circular motion		
Centripetal force and acceleration		





Simple harmonic motion		
Calculations with SHM		
The mass spring system as a simple harmonic oscillator		
The simple pendulum and other types of SHO		
Free and forced vibrations		
Section 8: Thermal Physics		
Thermal energy transfer		
The three gas laws		
The ideal gas equation		
Kinetic theory and the pressure of an ideal gas		
Kinetic energy of gas molecules		
Development of theories		
Section 9: Gravitational and electric fields		
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Gravitational fields		
Gravitational fields Gravitational field strength		
Gravitational fields Gravitational field strength Gravitational potential		
Gravitational fields Gravitational field strength Gravitational potential Orbits		
Gravitational fields Gravitational field strength Gravitational potential Orbits Electric fields		
Gravitational fields Gravitational field strength Gravitational potential Orbits Electric fields Electric potential		
Gravitational fields Gravitational field strength Gravitational potential Orbits Electric fields Electric potential Comparing gravitational and electric fields		
Gravitational fields Gravitational field strength Gravitational potential Orbits Electric fields Electric potential Comparing gravitational and electric fields Section 10: Capacitors		





Charging and discharging		
Time constant and time to halve		
Section 11: Magnetic fields		
Magnetic flux density		
Investigating force on a current carrying wire		
Forces on charged particles		
Electromagnetic induction		
Investigating Flux linkage		
Faraday's law and Lenz's law		
Alternating current		
Transformers		
Section 12: Nuclear Physics		
Rutherford scattering		
Rutherford scattering		
Rutherford scattering Measuring nuclear radius		
Rutherford scattering Measuring nuclear radius Nuclear radius and density		
Rutherford scattering Measuring nuclear radius Nuclear radius and density Properties of nuclear radiation		
Rutherford scattering Measuring nuclear radius Nuclear radius and density Properties of nuclear radiation Background radiation and intensity		
Rutherford scattering Measuring nuclear radius Nuclear radius and density Properties of nuclear radiation Background radiation and intensity Exponential law of decay		
Rutherford scattering Measuring nuclear radius Nuclear radius and density Properties of nuclear radiation Background radiation and intensity Exponential law of decay Half-life and its applications		
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Section 13 A: Astrophysics		
Lenses		
Optical telescopes		
Comparing telescopes		
Non-optical telescopes		
Parallax and parsecs		
Magnitude		
Stars as black bodies		
Stellar spectral classes		
The Hertzsprung-Russel diagram		
Evolution of Sun like stars		
Supernovae, Neutron stars and Black Holes		
Doppler effect and red-shift		
The Big Bang theory		
Detection of Binary stars, Exoplanets and Quasars		
Section 13 C: Engineering Physics		
Inertia and kinetic energy		
Rotational motion		
Torque, work and power		
Flywheels		
Angular momentum		
The First Law of Thermodynamics		
Non-flow processes		
p-V diagrams		





Four stroke engines and indicator diagrams		
Engine power and efficiency		
The Second Law of Thermodynamics		
Reversed heat engines		