

Year 7 Overarching question: How can we have a fair and equal society?

		Autumn Term – Religion	Spring Term - Philosophy		Summer Term - Ethics	
7	Unit Title	An introduction to religions	Why did Jesus suffer?	How do religions challenge the problem of suffering and evil?	How do religions promote equality?	Anti-racism
	Key Knowledge	Judaism: Tenakh Islam: Five pillars & hijab Christianity: Trinity Hinduism: Shruti & Smriti Buddhism: Buddha & enlightenment Sikhism: Mool Mantra and Guru Granth Sahib	Differences in Christian worship. Passion of Christ including crucifixion, resurrection & redeemer.	Judaism: Free will Christianity & Islam: Origins of humanity Hinduism: Samara Buddhism: Dukkha Sikhism: Karma & bringing a believer closer to God.	Hinduism: Karma, Krishna, Dharma patni Buddhism: Caste system, karuna & the four sublime states Sikhism: Langar, Khanda symbol, golden temple & sewa	Christian and Islamic views on equality. Case studies of equality through faith: Martin Luther King, Malcolm X & John Wesley Case study of Edward Colston's statue.
	Links to previous learning	KS2 knowledge of 6 major faiths.	KS2 knowledge of 6 major faiths.	Year 7 – Why did Jesus suffer.	Year 7 - An introduction to religion, ethics and philosophy.	Year 7 – How do religions promote equality?



Year 8 Overarching question: How can we care for life on our planet?

		Autumn Term – Autumn Term – Religion	Spring Term - Philosophy	Summer Term - Ethics
8	Unit Title	Diversity in religion	Are humans the most valuable part of creation?	Is it ever acceptable to use violence if you are religious?
	Key Knowledge	Humanists, Christian, Hindu and Islamic ideas on creation the creation of humans and the earth.	Humanists, Christian, Hindu and Islamic ideas on creation the creation of humans and the earth.	Just war theories from Christian, Sikh and Islamic traditions. Examples of social injustice and the Christian
		The relationship between science and religion concerning theories of creation.	Religious views on why we should care for the life on earth. Religious responses to environmental issues.	responses to these. How Christians achieve peace.
	Links to previous learning	Year 7 - An introduction to religions	Year 7 - An introduction to religion, ethics and philosophy. Year 8 – How was the world created?	Year 7 - An introduction to religion, ethics and philosophy. Year 8 – How was the world created?



Overarching question: How do beliefs about religion impact a person's daily life?

		Autumn Term – Religion	Spring Term - Philosophy	Summer Term - Ethics
9	Unit Title	How do beliefs and values affect ideas about the afterlife?	Can you believe in God today?	What is morally good behaviour?
	Key Knowledge	The 6 major faiths view of what the afterlife is like, including what beliefs and values religious believers should follow. Why Humanists reject the afterlife and they believe we should live our 'one life' Explore evidence of life after death: reincarnation, ghosts and near death experiences.	Explore arguments about the existence of God including evil and suffering, religious experiences, humanists' responses to miracles, Freud's suggestion God is only in the mind and philosophical arguments such as the design and first cause arguments.	Looking at the many different ways that we make a moral decision including the role of the conscience, the role determinism plays, religious law and ethical theories such as Utilitarianism.
	Links to previous learning	Year 7 - An introduction to religion, ethics and philosophy. Year 7 - What are the key beliefs of the six major faiths?	Year 7 - How do religions challenge the problem of suffering and evil? Year 8 – How was the world created?	Year 7 - An introduction to religion, ethics and philosophy Year 9 - How do beliefs and values affect ideas about the afterlife?



EDUQAS GCSE Religious Studies Route A

		Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term	
10	Unit Title	Introduction to Christianity	GCSE Component 2 Christianity Beliefs	GCSE Component 2 Christianity Practices	Introduction to Islam GCSE Component 3 Islam beliefs	GCSE Component 3 Islam beliefs	GCSE Component 3 Islam Practices
	Key Knowledge	Covenants Key stories in Jesus life Acts	Nature of God Jesus Christ Creation Salvation Afterlife	Worship Sacraments Pilgrimage and celebrations Christianity in Britain and the Church in the local community Worldwide Church	The life of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) Origins of Islam Sunni & Shia sects	Nature of Allah Prophethood (Risalah) Angels (Malaikah) Akhirah (Afterlife) Foundation of faith	The Five Pillars of Sunni Islam Ten Obligatory Acts of Shi'a Islam Jihad Festivals and commemorations
	Links to previous learning	All KS3 units	All KS3 units	All KS3 units	Year 7 - What are the key beliefs of the six major faiths?	Year 7 - What are the key beliefs of the six major faiths?	Year 7 - What are the key beliefs of the six major faiths?





EDUQAS GCSE Religious Studies Route A

		Autumn Term		Spring Term		Summer Term	
11	Unit Title	Component 1 – Issues of relationships and issues of life and death	Component 1 – Issues of life and death	Component 1 – Issues of good & evil	Component 1 – Issues of human rights	Component 1 – Issues of human rights then revision	Revision
	Key Knowledge	Relationships Sexual Relationships Issues of equality: gender prejudice and discrimination The world	The origin and value of human life Beliefs about death and the afterlife	Crime and Punishment Forgiveness Good, evil & suffering	Human Rights and Social Justice Prejudice & Discrimination	Wealth & Poverty Revision: Component 2 - Christianity	Component 3 - Islam Component 1 - Religious, Philosophical and Ethical Studies in the Modern World
	Links to previous learning	Year 8 – How was the world created?	Year 9 – Ultimate questions	Year 9 – Ultimate questions & what are religious attitudes to peace and justice	Year 9 –What are religious attitudes to peace and justice		